Show Notes: Surprise, Fear, Cognition, and Play (Marc Malmdorf Andersen)

Play Researcher Marc Malmdorf Andersen (Interacting Minds Centre & Recreational Fear Lab) has stopped by to talk about his cognitive theory of play, recreational fear, dark play, and why sweet spots of surprise could be at the core of making sense of why humans of all ages play.

We also get to talk about some of Marc's past and future research endeavours: Studying senses of agency in Ouija Board sessions, asking participants to detect beings in a virtual reality forest, and using a range of empirical methods to study people voluntarily seeking out frightening experiences in a haunted house.

[00:00:45] Tænkepause "Leg"

See https://unipress.dk/udgivelser/l/leg/

[00:00:50] A Cognitive Theory of Play

See Andersen, M. M., Kiverstein, J., Miller, M., & Roepstorff, A. (2021, February 18). Play in Predictive Minds: A Cognitive Theory of Play.

https://doi.org/10.31234/osf.io/u86qy

[00:01:15] PhD on Supernatural Agents in Predictive Minds

(only Available in Danish)

[00:02:00] "In the case of one empirical study we did..."

See Predictive Minds in Ouija Board Sessions.

[00:02:50] VR Experiment exploring if it was possible to create false

perceptions

See Agency detection in predictive minds: a virtual reality study

[00:04:03] Predictive Processing Framework

See "<u>A Cognitive Theory of Play</u>" (from p.16) for an overview of the framework and the argument Marc is laying out. To gain a better understanding of PP, visit https://predictive-mind.net/papers. Especially attend to the Contribution by *Wanja Wiese* and *Thomas K*. *Metzinger entitled* Vanilla PP for Philosophers: A Primer on Predictive Processing

[00:11:08] Mood States like playfulness

For a discussion of the concept of moods within the play literature, see Play practices and play moods by Helle Skovbjerg.

[00:15:00] Sweet Spot of Surprise

For a discussion of the GoldiLock Principle see "A Cognitive Theory of Play" (p.12) or Kidd et al., 2012.

Jack in the Box Experimental Study.

See <u>Patterns of Fear Development during Infancy</u> by Sandra Scarr and Philip Salapatek (1970).

Infants prefer to look at moderately complex pictures

See <u>Kidd, C., Piantadosi, S. T., & Aslin, R. N. (2012). The Goldilocks</u> <u>effect: Human infants allocate attention to visual sequences that are</u> neither too simple nor too complex. PloS one, 7(5), e36399.

[00:19:00] Designing for Playfulness

For a discussion of how the Predictive Processing understanding of play could connect to education, see Schulz, T.S., Andersen, M.M., Roepstorff, A.H., (in production). Play, Reflection, and the Quest for Uncertainty. In Beghetto, R.A. & Jaeger, J.G., (Ed.), Uncertainty: A catalyst for Creativity, Learning and Development. Springer. (Available on request)

[00:20:29] Johan Huizinga's Magic Circle

See Huizinga, Johan (1955). Homo Ludens: a Study of the Play-Element in Culture. Boston, MA: The Beacon Press.

For a quick overview, see Wikipedia on this matter.

Gregory Bateson

See Bateson, P.P.G., Bateson, P. and Martin, P., 2013. Play, playfulness, creativity and innovation. Cambridge University Press.

[00:21:50]	Lifelong Kindergarten by Mitch Resnick
	For a discussion of the visual metaphor of Low Floor, Heigh Ceilings, Wide Walls see <u>Mitch Resnick Blog on this matter</u> .
[00:24:47]	The Recreational Fear Lab (PI Mathias Clasen)
[00:25:07]	Study on Recreational Fear in a Haunted House attraction
	See Playing With Fear: A Field Study in Recreational Horror
[00:29:20]	Visceral Minds Group lead by Micah Allen
	See the Embodied Computation Group at https://www.the-ecg.org/

Learn more about Marc Malmdorf Andersen and his research

- Marc Malmdorf Andersen's Research Page at Aarhus University
- Blog Post: Scaring children done correctly can be a route to important learning
- The Recreational Fear Lab: https://cc.au.dk/en/recreational-fear-lab/